# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Aerosol Bumper Texture Spray

Date: 27-06-2017 Page: 1

PERFECTION, REFINISHED.

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF PRODUCT AND COMPANY

### 1.1 Product Identifier

Product name: Aerosol Bumper Spray
Product Code: FL6004

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: For Industrial spraying.

### 1.3 Details of supplier of the safety data sheet

Details of company: FLP Group
Unit 1 Clayfields Industrial Estate
Tickhill Road
Doncaster
DN4 8QG
+44 (0) 1302 571571
sales@flpgroup.co.uk

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Tel: +44 (0) 1302 571571

## SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Ex. Flam. Aero: H222+H229; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; STOT RE 2: H373; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412

Most important adverse effects: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard statements:
H222+H229 Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signal words: Warning

Hazard pictograms:
GHS02: Flame
GHS07: Exclamation mark
GHS08: Health hazard

Precautionary statements:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260 Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Contains: Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8

### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards: No other known hazards.

PBT: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITON/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

**Hazardous ingredients:**

| EC | CAS | CLP Classification | Percent |
|---|---|---|---|
| dimethyl ether REACH No.: 01-2119472128-37 | | | |
| 204-065-8 | 115-10-6 | Flam. Gas 1 H220; Press. Gas H280 | 30 - 40% |
| Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8 REACH No.: 01-2119486136-34 | | | |
| 90989-38-1 | 292-694-9 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312; Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332; Asp. Tox. 1 H304; Skin Irrit. 2 H315; Eye Irrit. 2 H319; STOT SE 3 H335; STOT RE 2 H373 | 10 - 12.5% |
| isobutyl acetate REACH No.: 01-2119488971-22 | | | |
| 203-745-1 | 110-19-0 | Flam. Liq. 2 H225; STOT SE 3 H336; EUH066 | 7 - 10% |
| Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics REACH No.: 01-2119475515-33 | | | |
| 927-510-4 | | Flam. Liq. 2 H225; Skin Irrit. 2 H315; Asp. Tox. 1 H304; STOT SE 3 H336; Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 | 7 - 10% |
| Acetone REACH No.: 01-2119471330-49 | | | |
| 67-64-1 | 200-662-2 | Flam. Liq. 2 H225; Eye Irrit. 2 H319; STOT SE 3 H336; EUH066 | 1 - 3% |
| ethyl acetate REACH No.: 01-2119475103-46 | | | |
| 205-500-4 | 141-78-6 | Flam. Liq. 2 H225; Eye Irrit. 2 H319; STOT SE 3 H336; EUH066 | 1 - 3% |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C12 REACH No.: 01-2119458049-33 | | | |
| 919-446-0 | | Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Asp. Tox. 1 H304; STOT SE 3 H336; Aquatic Chronic 2 H411; EUH066 | 0.5 - 1% |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate REACH No.: 01-2119475791-29 | | | |
| 203-603-9 | 108-65-6 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226 | 0.5 - 1% |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics REACH No.: 01-2119455851-35 | | | |
| 918-668-5 | | Flam. Liq. 3 H226; Asp. Tox. 1 H304; STOT SE 3 H335; STOT SE 3 H336; Aquatic Chronic 2 H411; EUH066 | ≥0.1% |
| Methanol REACH No.: 01-2119433307-44 | | | |
| 200-659-6 | 67-56-1 | Flam. Liq. 2 H225; STOT SE 1 H370; Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301; Dermal Acute Tox. 3 H311; Inhal Acute Tox. 3 H331 | <0.1% |
| Phenol REACH No.: 01-2119471329-32 | | | |
| 203-632-7 | 108-95-2 | Muta. 2 H341; STOT RE 2 H373; Skin Corr. 1B H314; Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301; Dermal Acute Tox. 3 H311; Inhal Acute Tox. 3 H331 | <0.1% |

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eye contact: | In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. |
| Ingestion: | Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY. |
| Inhalation: | Ventilate the premises. The patient is to be removed immediately from the premises contaminated and made to rest in a well ventilated area. Should the patient feel unwell, consult a physician. |

**4.2 Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**
No further relevant information available

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
If you feel unwell, seek medical advice

## SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**5.1 Extinguishing media**
Extinguishing media: CO2, powder extinguisher, foam, water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: Water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
Burning produces heavy smoke. Do not inhale explosion and/or combustion gases (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen)

**5.3 Advice for fire-fighters**
Use suitable breathing apparatus. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL REALESE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Personal precautions: Remove all sources of ignition. Wear personal protection equipment. Remove persons to safety. See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**
Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**
Clean-up procedures: Suitable material for collection: inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, vermiculite) after the product has been recovered, rinse the area and materials involved.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**
Reference to other sections: See also section 8 and 13

## SECTION 7: HANDLING & STORAGE

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**
Handling requirements: Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists. Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned. Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers. Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas. Do not eat

or drink while working. See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Always keep in a well ventilated place. Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight. Avoid accumulating electrostatic charge. Keep away from food, drink and feed. Possible gas micro leaks will go down and, if mixed with air and in presence of primers, may become deflagrating. See chapter 10.5 Instructions as regards storage premises: Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place, away from heat.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): See chapter 1.2.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

**Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:**

Dimethyl ether - CAS: 115-10-6
- EU - LTE (8h): 1920 mg/m3, 1000 ppm - Notes: Bold-type: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values [2, 3] and Limit Values for Occupational Exposure [4] (for references see bibliography)
- WEL -- Country: UNITED KINGDOM - LTE: 766 mg/m3, 400 ppm - STE: 958 mg/m3, 500 ppm

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8 - CAS: 90989-38-1
- ACGIH - LTE: 434 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STE: 651 mg/m3, 150 ppm

Isobutyl acetate - CAS: 110-19-0
- ACGIH, 150 ppm - Notes: Eye and URT irr
- WEL -- Country: UNITED KINGDOM - LTE: 724 mg/m3, 150 ppm - STE: 903 mg/m3, 187 ppm

Acetone - CAS: 67-64-1
- WEL -- Country: UNITED KINGDOM - LTE: 1210 mg/m3, 500 ppm - STE: 3620 mg/m3, 1500 ppm
- EU - LTE (8h): 1210 mg/m3, 500 ppm - Notes: Bold-type: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values [2, 3] and Limit Values for Occupational Exposure [4] (for references see bibliography)
- ACGIH, 500 ppm, 750 ppm - Notes: (A4), BEI - (URT and eye irr, CNS impair, hematologic eff)

Ethyl acetate - CAS: 141-78-6
- ACGIH, 400 ppm - Notes: URT and eye irr
- WEL -- Country: UNITED KINGDOM - LTE: 730 mg/m3, 200 ppm - STE: 1460 mg/m3, 400 ppm

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
- ACGIH - LTE: 300 mg/m3, 52 ppm

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6
- EU - LTE (8h): 275 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STE: 550 mg/m3, 100 ppm - Notes: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values [2, 3] and Limit Values for Occupational Exposure [4] (for references see bibliography)
- WEL -- Country: UNITED KINGDOM - LTE: 274 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STE: 548 mg/m3, 100 ppm

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics
- ACGIH - LTE: 100 mg/m3

Methanol - CAS: 67-56-1
- WEL -- Country: UNITED KINGDOM - LTE: 266 mg/m3, 200 ppm - STE: 333 mg/m3, 250 ppm
- EU - LTE (8h): 260 mg/m3, 200 ppm - Notes: Bold-type: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values [2, 3] and Limit Values for Occupational Exposure [4] (for references see bibliography)
- ACGIH, 200 ppm, 250 ppm - Notes: Skin BEI - Headache, eye dam, dizziness, nausea

Phenol - CAS: 108-95-2
- EU - LTE (8h): 8 mg/m3, 2 ppm - STE: 16 mg/m3, 4 ppm - Notes: 15 minutes average value (for references see bibliography)
- ACGIH, 5 ppm - Notes: Skin, A4, BEI - URT irr, lung dam, CNS impair

**DNEL Exposure Limit Values**

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8 - CAS: 90989-38-1

Worker Professional: 0.077 mg/l - Consumer: 0.0148 mg/l - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 180 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 1.6 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Worker Professional: 25 mg/l - Consumer: 11 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 0.150 mg/l - Consumer: 0.032 mg/l - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 11 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

**PNEC Exposure Limit Values**

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8 - CAS: 90989-38-1

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.327 mg/l

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.327 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 12.46 mg/kg

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 12.46 mg/kg

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.31 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls

| | |
|---|---|
| Eye protection: | Eye glasses. |
| Skin protection: | Coat. |
| Hands protection, Suitable material: | NBR (nitrile rubber), FKM (fluoro rubber). The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to another one, and on the manner and times of use of the mixture. |
| Respiratory protection: | Combination filtering device (DIN EN 141). |
| Environmental exposure controls: | See chapter 6.2 |

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|---|
| Appearance and colour: | under pressure coloured liquid |
| Odour: | of solvent |
| Odour threshold: | not available |
| pH: | not available |
| Melting point / freezing point: | not available |
| Initial boiling point: | <35 °C |
| Solid/gas flammability: | not available |
| Flammability or explosive limits: | not available |
| Vapour density: | not available |
| Flash point: | <-1°C |
| Evaporation rate: | not available |
| Vapour pressure: | not available |
| Relative density: | 0.89 ± 0.01 |
| Solubility in water: | not soluble |
| Solubility in oil: | not available |
| Partition coefficient: | not available |
| Auto-ignition temperature: | not available |
| Decomposition temperature: | not available |
| Viscosity: | not available |
| Explosive properties: | none |
| Oxidizing properties: | none |

### 9.2 Other information

| | |
|---|---|
| Miscibility: | not available |

Conductivity: not available

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity**

Reactivity: Stable under normal conditions

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3 Possibilities of hazardous reactions**

Hazardous reactions: Because of heat or fire the preparation can release carbon oxides and vapours which may be harmful to health.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Conditions to avoid: Avoid to keep near heat sources

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Materials to avoid: Avoid contact with oxidizing materials or powerful oxidising agents. The product could catch fire. See chapter 10.3

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly. See chapter 5.2

## SECTION 11: TOXICAL INFORMATION

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the mixture:

Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8 - CAS: 90989-38-1
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat 27124 mg/m3 - Duration: 4h
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 3223 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 12126 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat > 23.3 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Acetone - CAS: 67-64-1
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 5800 mg/kg

Ethyl acetate - CAS: 141-78-6
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rabbit 5620 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 5000 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 4 ml/kg
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat > 13.1 mg/l - Duration: 4h

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate - CAS: 108-65-6
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 8530 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 3592 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat > 6193 mg/m3 - Duration: 4h

Methanol - CAS: 67-56-1

a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 5630 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 15800 mg/kg
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Vapour - Species: Rat 83.9 mg/l - Duration: 4h
Phenol - CAS: 108-95-2
a) Acute toxicity:
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 317 mg/kg
Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 630 mg/kg

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation 453/2010/EC listed below must be considered as N.A.:
a) Acute toxicity;
b) Skin corrosion/irritation;
c) Serious eye damage/irritation;
d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation;
e) Germ cell mutagenicity;
f) Carcinogenicity;
g) Reproductive toxicity;
h) STOT-single exposure;
i) STOT-repeated exposure;
j) Aspiration hazard.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8 - CAS: 90989-38-1
a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
Endpoint: IC50 - Species: Algae 2.2 mg/l - Duration h: 72
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia 1.0 mg/l - Duration h: 24
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish 2.6 mg/l - Duration h: 96
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia 3 mg/l - Duration h: 48
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish 50 mg/l - Duration h: 96
Endpoint: IC50 - Species: Algae 4.6 mg/l - Duration h: 72
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia 10 mg/l - Duration h: 48
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics
a) Aquatic acute toxicity:
Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia 3.2 mg/l - Duration h: 48
Endpoint: IC50 - Species: Algae 2.9 mg/l - Duration h: 72
Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish 9.2 mg/l - Duration h: 96

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not applicable

### 12.3 Bio accumulative potential

Not applicable

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not applicable

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT identification: This substance is not identified as a PBT substance

### 12.6 Other adverse effects
None

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods
Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

### 14.1 UN number

| | |
|---|---|
| ADR-UN Number: | 1950 |
| IATA-UN Number: | 1950 |
| IMDG-UN Number: | 1950 |

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

| | |
|---|---|
| ADR-Shipping Name: | AEROSOLS, flammable |
| IATA-Shipping Name: | AEROSOLS, flammable |
| IMDG-Shipping Name: | AEROSOLS, flammable |

### 14.3 Transport hazard class

| | |
|---|---|
| ADR-Class: | 2 |
| ADR-Label: | 2.1 |
| ADR - Hazard identification number: | - |
| IATA-Class: | 2 |
| IATA-Label: | - |
| IMDG-Class: | 2 |

### 14.4 Packaging group

| | |
|---|---|
| ADR-Packing Group: | - |
| IATA-Packing group: | - |
| IMDG-Packing group: | - |

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

| | |
|---|---|
| ADR-Environmental Pollutant: | No |
| IMDG-Marine pollutant: | No |

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

| | |
|---|---|
| ADR-Subsidiary risks: | See SP63 |
| ADR-S.P.: | 190 327 344 625 |
| ADR-Tunnel Restriction Code: | (D) |
| IATA-Passenger Aircraft: | - |
| IATA-Subsidiary risks: | See SP63 |
| IATA-Cargo Aircraft: | - |
| IATA-S.P.: | - |
| IATA-ERG: | - |
| IMDG-EmS: | F-D, S-U |
| IMDG-Subsidiary risks: | See SP63 |
| IMDG-Storage category: | - |
| IMDG-Storage notes: | Protected from sources of heat. For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: Category A. Segregation as for class 9 but "separated from" class 1 except division 1.4. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Category B. Segregation as for the appropriate sub-division of class 2. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Category C. Clear of living quarters. Segregation as for the appropriate sub-division of class 2. |

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**
Dir. 67/548/EEC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances)
Dir. 1999/45/EC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations)
Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)
Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)
Dir. 2006/8/EC
Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)
Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)
Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013
Regulation (EU) n. 453/2010 (Annex I)
Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 68.50 %

Volatile CMR substances = 0.01 %
Halogenated VOCs which are assigned the risk phrase R40 = 0.00 %

Where applicable, refer to the following Italian regulatory provisions: Directive 82/501/EEC ('Activities linked to risks of serious accidents') and subsequent amendments. 1999/13/EC (VOC directive)

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**
No.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.
* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in section 3:
H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H370 Causes damage to organs.
H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

| | |
|---|---|
| Legal disclaimer: | The above information is believed to be correct but does not support to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. |